

# Crop Monitoring in Europe – the MARS Crop Yield Forecasting System

**Stefan Niemeyer** 

Monitoring Agricultural Resources Unit, Joint Research Centre

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## Main agricultural areas across Europe

Source: JRC MARS DB, grid cells with at least 30 % of arable land







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#### Main agricultural areas across Europe

Source: JRC MARS DB, grid cells with at least 30 % of arable land



Figure 4.2: Production of cereals in EU-28, 2013 (% of total production of cereals) Others 7.2 % Grain maize and CCM 21.5 % Common wheat 44.5 % Triticale

> Barley 19.6 %

Total production: 305.5 million tonnes

3.8 % Rye and maslin 3.5 %

Source: Eurostat (online data code: apro\_cpp\_crop)







### EU 28 - Cereals exports and imports from 2000/01 to 2014/15

including flour and other processed products in grain equivalent



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EU common wheat export (incl. flour and groats)





#### Grain maize - yield forecast 2011 Grain maize - yield forecast 2012 Grain maize - yield forecast 2013 Actual yield versus average yield 2008 - 2012 Actual yield versus average yield 2006- 2010 Actual yield versus average yield 2007 - 2011 Yield figures 2011 are expressed in t/ha and rounded to 100 kg Yield figures 2012 are expressed in t/ha and rounded to 100 kg Yield figures 2013 are expressed in t/ha and rounded to 100 kg lower yield (< -4 %) lower yield (< -4 %) lower yield (< -4 %) comparable to average comparable to average comparable to average better yield (> 4 %) better yield (> 4 %) better yield (> 4 %) 6.5 6.5 8 n 10.4 6.6 9.5 7.9 9.4 10.1 Grain maize - yield forecast 2014 Grain maize - yield forecast 2015 Actual yield versus average yield 2010 - 2014 Actual yield versus average yield 2009 - 2013 Yield figures 2014 are expressed in t/ha and rounded to 100 kg **JRC** EUROPEAN COMMISSION lower yield (< -4 %) lower yield (< -4 %) comparable to average comparable to average better yield (> 4 %) better yield (> 4 %) **Yield** variability 6.8 6.6 7



# **MCYFS - MARS Crop Yield** Forecasting System

# Crop monitoring in Europe



Crop Monitoring in Europe

Extremely hot and dry in the south and east, overly wet in the west



MARS BULLETIN Vol. 20 No 7 (2012

Compared to our last Butletin soft wheat yield at \$10 37 is sight

revised down memiry due to lower y wild now forecast for JH, Boner Austra and Spain Also grong barley yiel is nerised down is 1 forecast for Spain was lowered again but still being close to the vestar avenge. In Bromana, languar and table ne record nears weather conditions for maste laid to a decrease of the foreca





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## MARS Crop Yield Forecasting System



# **User requirements**

- independent, timely, scientific and traceable crop yield forecasts
- for all EU Member States (EU28)
- and EU neighbouring countries
- for the **main arable crops** in Europe (currently 12 crops)

This information is utilised by the Commission services for the following main purposes:

- 1) Input for the crop balance sheets
- 2) Input for the Early Estimate System of Eurostat
- 3) Assessment of climatic conditions and potential impacts of **particular weather events** in Member States (e.g. droughts, heat waves)
- 4) Monitoring of crop conditions and forecasting in **third countries**

The activities are covered by the European Regulation 1306/2013 and financed by the EC.



## MARS Crop Yield Forecasting System



# .....translate into system requirements

- 1) Full European coverage (and neighbouring countries) with comparable data and methods
- 2) Information availability in **near real time**
- 3) Comprehensive and common **spatial** framework
- 4) No single-source system that may miss key events, but use of **several sources** and methodologies in parallel
- 5) Redundancy and synergies between methodologies, convergence of evidence
- 6) Traceability and accepted procedures to allow for staff turnover (ISO 9001 certification)



# MARS Crop Yield Forecasting System



- ICT-based, sophisticated system tailored to support yield forecasting
- Based on four pillars: agro-meteorology, crop growth modelling, remote sensing, agricultural statistics
- **Near-real time** context: dataflow, data processing, analysis, bulletin production
- Constantly innovation and refinement ongoing to keep the system updated and at the state-of-the-art
- Current accuracy: < 5% overall yield estimates in EU
- Resources: **team of analysts** and project management at JRC, inhouse **ICT support**, outsourced model infrastructure and technical routine work (**MARSOP** consortium)
- Scientific networking with universities, research institutions, national ministries, regional offices, etc. throughout Europe
- Key is the analyst and the expert knowledge available



## MARS Crop Yield





Online version Issued: 21 September 2015

### Crop monitoring in Europe MARS Bulletin Vol. 23 No. 9 (2015)

#### Little relief for summer crops

Yield forecasts for summer crops at the EU-28 level remain low and are comparable to last month's forecast. Slight upward revisions are due partly to improved weather conditions in western Europe, and partly to the expected diversion of the most affected grain maize crops to green maize.

In late August, large areas of central and eastern Europe experienced a heat wave and little or no significant rainfall. As most summer crops had already reached maturity in eastern Europe, this latest episode of dry and hot conditions did not have a relevant negative impact, and may even have been beneficial for ripening.

In central European regions, however, where summer crops were still in the grain-filling phase, crop conditions remain critical. The growth of non-irrigated crops in these regions was already stunted due to heat waves in July and early August. Southern Poland and southern Germany were particularly affected. All non-irrigated crops in these regions are in poor condition.

In France, rainfall in late August led to a significant improvement in the conditions of summer crops in western and southern regions, but conditions remain poor in eastern cropland areas.

#### Content:

- 1. Agro-meteorological overview 2. Observed canopy conditions by remote sensing
- 3. Country analysis
- 4. Crop yield forecasts
- 5. Pasture monitoring
- 6. Atlas



1	Yield tha												
Стор	2014	WARS 2015 forecasts	Avg Syrs	%15/14	%15/5yr								
TOTAL CEREALS	5.71	5.16	5.21	-9.6	-1.0								
Total Wheat	5.90	5.57	5.44	-5.6	+2.5								
soft wheat	6.14	5.81	5.67	-5.4	+2.5								
durum wheat	3.35	3.20	3.26	-4.3	-1.7								
Total Barley	4.90	4.63	4.49	-5.5	+3.1								
spring barley	4.16	3.90	3.91	-6.2	-0.3								
winter barley	5.92	5.60	5.36	-5.4	+4.5								
Grain maize	8.07	6.43	7.02	-20.4	-8.5								
Rye	4.23	3.72	3.58	-12.1	+3.9								
Triticale	4.53	4.09	4.16	-9.7	-1.6								
Other cereals	3.14	2.87	3.56	-8.6	-19.5								
Rape and turnip rape	3.62	3.25	3.13	-10.2	+3.8								
Potato	34.95	31.62	31.45	-9.5	+0.6								
Sugar beet	77.08	70.54	70.46	-8.5	+0.1								
Sunflower	2.15	1.87	1.91	-13.0	-2.0								





#### MARS Bulletin, Vol. 23, No. 9 (2015)

## 1.4 Weather forecast for the coming days (18 – 25 September)

Warmer-than-usual weather is foreseen for the central and eastern Mediterranean region, eastern Europe and Turkey. Cooler-than-usual conditions will dominate in western Europe. Although some (mostly minor to moderate) rainfall episodes are expected in most of Europe, dry conditions will prevail over the Iberian Peninsula, the Mediterranean and eastern Europe.

The expected synoptic situation will divide Europe into Average daily temperature anomalies up to 8°C above the













MARS Bulletin, Vol. 23, No. 9 (2015)

#### Italy

#### Recent rains only partially improved summer crop conditions

After the dry and warm conditions of the previous months, near- or above-average rainfall was registered from 1 August to 15 September across Italy. Although the beneficial rainfall partially limited the damage to summer crops, the yield forecast for maize remains far below last year's record level.

In Italy, weather conditions up to the first dekad of August were among the warmest experienced in many regions of the country, with temperatures about 3°C higher than seasonal values. Although temperatures returned to normal from the second dekad of August, the review period from 1 August to 15 September was warmer than usual by about 1°C. Cumulated rainfall across Italy was recorded in September causing local waterlogging, particularly in *Emilia Romagna*. Summer crops are in advanced development stages, but the prolonged high temperatures and dry conditions of the previous months have negatively affected crop growth, especially in rainfed areas. Maize is reaching the maturity stage thanks to the warm conditions, whereas the harvesting of winter cereals was completed in July. Irrigation and recent rainfall partially limited the damage to summer crops. While the yield forecast for maize remains well below last year's record level, it is close to the five-year average. The yield forecast for sunflowers is slightly below the fiveyear average due to the unfavourable weather conditions.

Relative index of pasture productivity

Period of analysis: 1 April- 10 September 2015 Index based on METOP-AVHRR smoothed NDVI 10-day product. Historical archive from 2007 to 2014



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Cro	on l	Mo	nite	orir				Country		GR	AIN MAIZE t	/ha		<u> </u>
					9		Re	country	2014	2015	Avg 5yrs	%15/14	%15/5yrs	У
in		con	$\mathbf{a}$				Peric	EU28	8.07	6.43	7.02	-20.4	-8.5	
	EUI		E				Index	AT	10.79	9.76	10.16	-9.6	-4.0	
Country		S	OFT WHEAT t	/ha				BE	10.50	11.15	10.98	+6.1	+1.5	
Country	2014	2015	Avg 5yrs	%15/14	%15/5yrs	2014	2015	BG	7.68	4.94	5.77	-35.8	-14.4	Je
EU28	6.14	5.81	5.67	-5.4	+2.5	3.35	3.20	CY	-	-	-	-	-	O piet
AT	5.98	5.55	5.30	-7.1	+4.8	4.78	4.48	CZ	8.43	6.18	7.74	-26.7	-20.2	25
BE	9.41	8.93	8.75	-5.2	+2.0	-	-	DE	10.69	9.44	10.00	-11.7	-5.6	A Prox
BG	4.22	4.30	3.94	+1.9	+9.0	-	-	DK	-	-	-	-	-	200
CY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	EE	-	-	-	-	-	2
CZ	6.51	5.67	5.48	-12.9	+3.5	-	-	ES	11.24	11.08	10.90	-1.4	+1.7	
DE	8.64	7.67	7.64	-11.2	+0.3	-	-	FI	-	-	-	-	-	
DK	7.78	7.47	7.07	-4.1	+5.6	-	-	FR	10.02	8.90	9.19	-11.2	-3.2	10
EE	3.99	3.76	3.37	-5.8	+11.7	-	-	GR	11.96	11.81	11.53	-1.3	+2.4	the second
ES	3.04	3.06	3.31	+0.4	-7.5	2.67	2.31	HR	8.11	5.29	6.06	-34.7	-12.7	
FI	4.06	3.60	3.70	-11.3	-2.6	-	-	HU	7.74	5.25	5.92	-32.1	-11.3	
FR	7.48	7.38	7.16	-1.4	+3.1	5.20	5.25	IE	-	-	-	-	-	
GR	3.31	2.91	3.04	-12.3	-4.3	2.96	2.70	IT	10.62	9.35	9.21	-12.0	+1.5	303
HR	4.14	5.22	4.70	+26.2	+11.1	-	-	LT	6.05	5.95	6.69	-1.6	-11.0	100
HU	4.71	4.48	4.21	-4.9	+6.3	4.55	4.32	LU	-		-	-	-	A
IE	9.96	9.33	8.84	-6.3	+5.6	-	-	LV	-			-	-	
IT	5.29	5.48	5.38	+3.5	+1.8	3.13	2.98	MT	-		-	-	-	
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LU	6.13	6.00	5.98	-2.2	+0.4	-	-	PL	6.59	5.42	6.47	-17.8	-16.3	Col 1
LV	3.75	4.03	3.60	+7.5	+11.8	-	-	PT	8.44	8.51	8.05	+0.9	+5.7	
MT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	RO	4.72	2.95	3.75	-37.5	-21.4	A. A
NL	9.11	8.88	8.80	-2.6	+0.8	-	-	SE	-		-	-	-	a faith
PL	4.97	4.27	4.32	-14.1	-1.2	-	-	SI	9.16	7.52	7.78	-17.9	-3.4	á
PT	2.06	1.65	1.50	-19.9	+9.6	-	-	SK	8.39	6.11	6.47	-27.2	-5.5	8
RO	3.65	3.46	3.23	-5.2	+7.1	-	-	UK	-		-		-	a serve
SE	6.80	6.12	5.95	-10.1	+2.9	-	-	UN -			10-	1. C	- Kither	and S
SI	5.23	4.96	5.02	-5.2	-1.1	-	-	-	-	-	2.4			
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# **Dissemination**



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# **201**

Official JRC holidays (all sites)

Site-specific holidays

JRC Science Hub: https://ec.europa.eu/jrc

21 \* at the time of publication, 2016 official JRC holidays are not confirmed yet



# Dissemination



- MARS Bulletin, **publicly** available
- with global uptake by **national** services, **news** agencies, **industry** and **trade**, **international** organizations







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23



> 15'000 downloads/a



# Bulletin Downloads (2012-2014)



# **Dissemination**



#### JULY BULLETIN - DOWNLOADS BY COUNTRY



# Dissemination



- MARS Bulletin, **publicly** available
- with global uptake by national services, news agencies, industry and trade, international organizations
- Serves as input to the European contribution to the **Agricultural Markets Information System** (AMIS) at FAO (G20 initiative)
- Part of the Group of Earth Observation Global Agricultural Monitoring activity (GEOGLAM) Crop Monitor
- In addition, data dissemination through the AGRI4CAST resource portal at: <u>http://agri4cast.jrc.ec.europa.eu</u>, incl.
  - Gridded meteorological data ("MARS database")
  - Crop masks, crop calendars
  - Further resources incl. climate change simulations



